

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Metallic Minerals Corp. ("Metallic" or the "Company") is for the year ended July 31, 2024 and is dated November 27, 2024. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2024, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Boards ("IASB").

The Company is a reporting issuer in BC, Alberta, and Ontario. The Company's common shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "MMG" and the US OTCQB Exchange under the symbol "MMNGF". The Company's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, and all amounts included herein are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Metallic Minerals Corp. is a resource stage exploration company, focused on silver, gold and copper in established mining districts in Canada and the USA. The Company was originally incorporated in the Province of British Columbia on May 3, 2007 under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) and was registered as an extraterritorial corporation under the Business Corporations Act (Yukon) on July 10, 2009. The Company's key assets are located in the La Plata copper-silver-gold-platinum group element ("Cu-Ag-Au-PGE") district in Colorado, USA, and the Keno Hill silver district and Klondike gold district in the Yukon Territory, Canada. All three districts have existing infrastructure, including grid power, highway and road access.

Metallic is a member of the Metallic Group of Companies, a collaboration of three precious and/or base metals exploration companies, with a portfolio of large, brownfields assets in established mining districts adjacent to some of the industry's highest-grade producers of silver, platinum group metals and copper. The Metallic Group includes highly successful explorationists, formerly with leading explorer/developers including NovaGold Resources Inc., Trilogy Metals Inc., Wellgreen Platinum Ltd. (now Nickel Creek Platinum Corp.), as well as larger producers including Placer Dome Inc. (now Barrick Gold Corporation), Ivanhoe Mines, and Stillwater Mining Company (now Sibanye-Stillwater).

Member companies include Metallic, Stillwater Critical Minerals Corp. (TSX-V: PGE) in the Stillwater PGE-Ni-Cu district of Montana, and Granite Creek Copper Ltd. (TSX-V: GCX) in the Minto copper district of the Yukon. Each of the Metallic Group of Companies has a dedicated, highly experienced management team and board of directors with a track record of exploration, financing and project development success.

HIGHLIGHTS AND KEY DEVELOPMENTS

- On September 17, 2024, the Company announced that Newmont Corporation ("Newmont") has elected to
 exercise its 'top up right' to purchase additional common shares in the Company in order to maintain its 9.5%
 interest pursuant to its Investor Rights Agreement (the "IRA") dated May 18, 2023. Under the terms of the IRA,
 Newmont will purchase an aggregate of 577,776 common shares at a price of \$0.36 per share") reflecting the
 Company's July financing and certain other transactions completed over the past six months.
- On July 3, 2024, the Company closed the second and final tranche of its previously announced non-brokered private placement. Under this inal ranche, investors subscribed for an additional 1,062,500 flow-through common shares of the Company, at a price of \$0.40 per flow-through share, for gross proceeds of \$425,000, bringing the total gross proceeds to \$2,025,000.



- On June 24, 2024 the Company closed the first tranche of its non-brokered private placement, previously announced on June 20, 2024. Under the first tranche, the Company issued 4,000,000 flow-through common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per flow-through share for gross proceeds of \$1,600,000.
- On June 20, 2024, the Company announced a non-brokered private placement of up to 5,000,000 flow-through common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per flow-through common share for gross proceeds of up to \$2,000,000.
- On June 13, 2024, the Company announced the commencement of the 2024 exploration programs at both the Keno Silver project in the Yukon Territory, Canada, and the La Plata copper-silver-gold-PGE project in southwest Colorado, USA.
- On May 8, 2024, Newmont elected to exercise its 'top-up right' to purchase additional common shares in Metallic
 to maintain its 9.5% ownership interest pursuant to the IRA dated May 18, 2023. Under the terms of the IRA,
 Newmont purchased an aggregate of 342,750 common shares at a price of \$0.33 per share to adjust for certain
 non-cash transactions completed by the Company over the past 6 months.
- On April 16, 2024, the Company announced final results from the 2023 drill campaign at the Company's La Plata Cu-Ag-Au-PGE project in southwestern Colorado, which finished in December 2023. The exploration program included 4,530 meters ("m") in four diamond drill holes with the dual objectives of: 1) expanding the current 1.21-billion-pound copper and 17.6-million-ounce silver inferred mineral resource; and 2) defining the controls to higher-grade mineralization as seen in drill hole LAP22-04.
- On April 12, 2024, the Company reported that it had filed on SEDAR a National Instrument 43-101 ("NI-43-101") technical report entitled "Mineral Resource Estimate for the Keno Silver Project, Yukon, Canada" with an effective date of February 1, 2024.
- On March 14, 2024, the Company announced that Dr. M. Stephen Enders had been appointed to the Company's Board of Directors. Further, the Company announced that subject to the approval of the TSX Venture Exchange, it has granted 1,875,000 stock options to certain directors, officers and employees of the Company in accordance with the Company's Long-Term Performance Incentive Plan.
- On February 26, 2024, the Company announced the first NI-43-101 mineral resource estimate (the "2024 Resource Estimate") on the Company's Keno Silver project, adjacent to Hecla Mining's ("Hecla") high-grade operations in the iconic Keno Silver district of Canada's Yukon Territory. The Inferred Resource from combined underground and in-pit resources, in four separate deposits (Formo, Fox, Caribou and Homestake), is 2.5 million tonnes ("Mt") at 223 grams per tonne ("g/t") silver equivalent ("AgEq") equating to 18.2 million ounces ("Moz") of contained silver equivalent metal. Significant future resource expansion is anticipated with further drilling as each of these deposits are contained within 250 meters depth from surface and are open along strike in all directions and at depth.



MINERAL PROPERTIES

LA PLATA Cu-Ag-Au-PGE PROJECT, COLORADO, USA

In September 2019, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the La Plata property in southwest Colorado from two arms-length vendors. The property, which is approximately 10 km northeast of Mancos, Colorado, covers approximately 44 km² in the historic high-grade La Plata mining district. On completion of the acquisition by the Company, La Plata will be subject to a 2% NSR and the Company will have the ability to buy back up to 0.5% of this NSR.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has a remaining commitment of 5 million units and US\$500,000 subject to certain project milestones. Upon issuance, each of the units will comprise one common share and one-half of a share purchase warrant, with each full warrant exercisable into one common share of the Company for a period of 36 months from issuance at an exercise price equal to 120% of the 20-day volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares on the TSX-V on the business day immediately preceding the date of issuance.

During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Company acquired 100% interest in eight patented mineral claims within the La Plata mining district. The claims are surrounded by, and contiguous with, unpatented mining claims held by the Company within the greater La Plata property claim outline. These interests were acquired by one-time cash payments totaling \$83,345 (US\$60,000) and the issuance of 275,000 common shares (valued at \$68,750).

The La Plata district has a long and rich history of mining. High-grade silver and gold production has been documented from the 1870s through the early 1940s from veins, replacement bodies and breccia zones at over 90 individual mines and prospects. From the 1950s to the 1970s, 54 holes were drilled on the La Plata property totaling 14,400m by major miners Rio Tinto and Freeport-McMoRan (formerly Phelps-Dodge). Drill holes and trenches confirmed the presence of a large-scale, multi-phase, precious-metals-rich alkalic copper porphyry system.

The La Plata property has been privately held since 2002, following the sale of the last of the claims held by Freeport-McMoRan near the bottom of the last copper market cycle. Until the start of exploration by Metallic in late 2019, there had been virtually no modern exploration in over 50 years on either the large-scale porphyry system or the surrounding high-grade epithermal zones, both of which will be a focus for Metallic. Systematic exploration at the La Plata property has the potential to enhance the size of the known mineral resources and to identify and expand the higher-grade zones within the broader porphyry mineralized system.

LA PLATA Cu-Ag-Au-PGE PROJECT WORK PROGRAMS

The Company initiated its first on-site exploration program in the fall of 2019 to collect geological, geochemical, and geophysical information covering this historic, high-grade brownfield district, including synthesis of past exploration and mining information to systematically refine future targets for drilling. Exploration has emphasized the utilization of modern exploration tools to assess both the central precious metals rich porphyry system, (drilled by Rio Tinto and Freeport-McMoRan starting in the 1950s), and the surrounding high-grade silver-lead-zinc and epithermal silver-gold-telluride mineralization, which were the focus of historic mining and prospecting from the 1870s to 1940s.



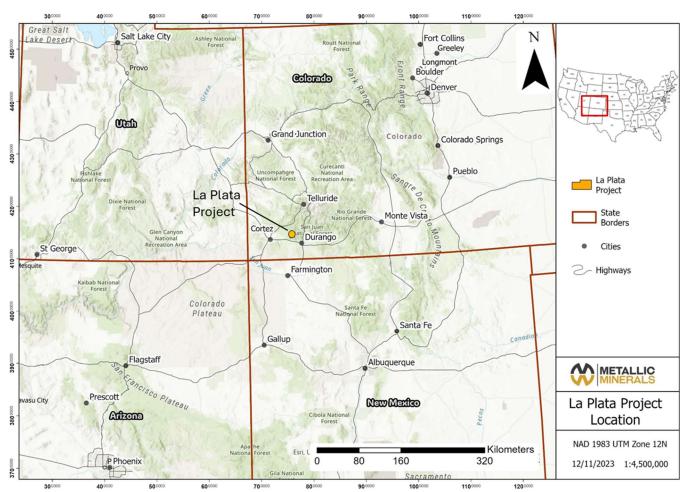


Figure 1. The Company's La Plata silver-gold-copper property located in the La Plata mining district of Colorado.

The Company has carried out a number of significant exploration activities on the La Plata project to date including 8,240 m of drilling and underground channel sampling.

The first confirmatory drilling by Metallic began in 2021 with a total of 1,980 meters of diamond drilling, resampling of historical drill core, and underground sampling was completed, along with surface mapping and sampling across the broader property confirming the presence of a large-scale, multi-phase porphyry system with significant copper, silver and gold along with enrichment in certain other critical minerals including platinum and palladium.

In April 2022, using the results of this drilling and drilling completed by previous operators, the Company announced the first NI 43-101 mineral resource estimate on the La Plata project focused on the central Allard copper-silver porphyry deposit. Exploration in 2022 included follow-up Induced Polarization and resistivity ground based geophysical surveys expanding on the survey results from 2021. The Company also completed systematic soil and rock chip sampling across a number of untested surface and geophysical anomalies. The final phase of work in 2022 was focused on step-out drilling to expand the mineral resource and develop vectors towards higher grade mineralization at the Allard porphyry target area, which remains open to expansion.



In February 2023, the Company announced the final results from its 2022 exploration program at the La Plata project, with two holes totaling 1,730 m that were drilled to test lateral extensions of the existing NI 43-101 mineral resource. Hole LAP22-04 drilled to the north along the easternmost edge of the resource area, intercepted the longest and highest-grade interval ever encountered at La Plata at 816 m of 0.41% copper equivalent ("CuEq") ending in 5.2 m of 5.39% CuEq (2.44% Cu, 18.7 g/t Ag and 5.0 g/t Au+PGE) and one of the top intersections for any North American copper project in the past several years as reported by JuniorMiningHub.com. Significant high-grade Au+PGE mineralization associated with copper and silver represents the discovery of a new style of mineralization in the resource area that has not been previously recognized or explored for.

In July 2023, the Company announced an updated NI 43-101 mineral resource estimate representing a 34% increase in contained metal and 25% increase in tonnage based on the additional 1,730 meters of diamond drilling completed in 2022. Inferred mineral resources at the Allard deposit total 1,211 million pounds of copper ("Mlbs") and 17.6 Moz of silver in a constrained model with 147.3 Mt at an average grade of 0.41% CuEq (0.37% Cu and 3.72 g/t Ag) using a 0.25% CuEq cut-off grade.

In April 2024, the Company reported results from 4,530 m in four diamond drill holes focused on expanding the current mineral resource and testing extensions of strong porphyry-style mineralization encountered in drill hole LAP22-04. All four holes drilled significant intervals of continuous porphyry-style mineralization with variable copper sulfides (chalcopyrite and bornite) from 500 to 900 m in width starting from surface. The drill program resulted in a greater understanding of the distribution, vector directions and primary host-rocks of mineralization in the system. The Company is working to update the resource estimate based on the latest drill results and new geologic modelling.

In 2024, field activities have focused on the detailed refinement and prioritization among over 20 newly identified target areas outside of the Allard resource area, within the 10 km² footprint of the district-scale copper porphyry system. This work, which included additional mapping, surface sampling, geophysical and hyperspectral data processing, is being used in collaboration with field experts seconded from Newmont to prioritize new targets for drill testing in future programs. Based on the experience at similar geologic systems such as Newmont's Cadia deposits in Australia and the Red Chris deposits in British Columbia, precious metal rich porphyry systems like La Plata often have multiple porphyry centers. The results to date at La Plata have identified additional strongly mineralized targets outside of the Allard resource area that will be the subject of future exploration.

As part of Metallic Minerals' commitment to responsible mineral exploration, the company has initiated tribal, community and stakeholder engagement meetings and open house events this year associated with the La Plata project. We believe that a strong environmental, social and governance (ESG) foundation for our work can create sustainable long-term value for local communities, the environment, society and shareholders.

Plans for 2025 at La Plata are anticipated to include continued development of our ESG programs and community engagement, with our exploration activities focused on expansion and refinement of the Allard resource along with the advancement and testing of the highest priority new targets as potential new resource areas on the project.



YUKON SILVER PROJECTS, YUKON, CANADA

As shown in Figure 2 below, Metallic's Keno Silver project is located in the historic Keno Hill silver district of Canada's Yukon Territory, with over 300 Moz of high-grade silver in past production and current M&I resources and excellent existing infrastructure, including grid power, highway, and road access. In addition, the Company's McKay Hill project is a historic producer and is located northeast of the Keno Silver project in a new silver and gold mining district.

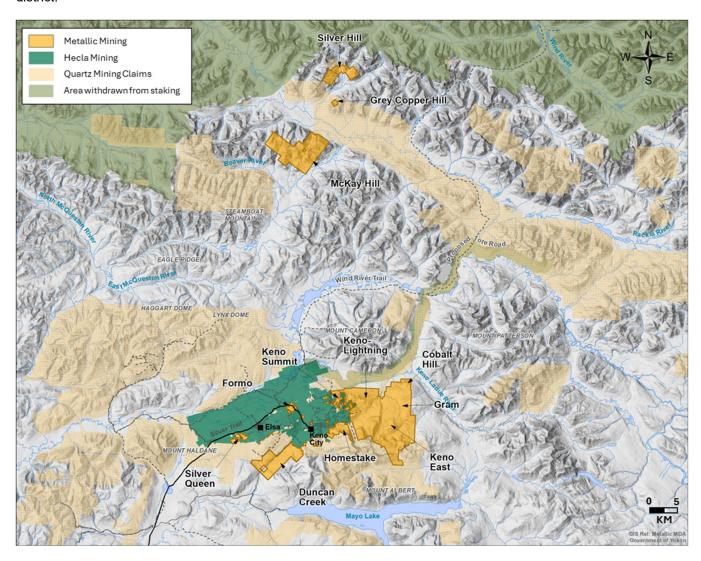


Figure 2. The Company's silver properties consist of the Keno Silver project and McKay and Silver Hill projects located in central Yukon Territory of Canada. The Keno Silver project comprises the Keno-Lightning (which includes Homestake), Keno Summit, Gram, Keno-East, Cobalt Hill, Duncan Creek, Formo and Silver Queen properties.



KENO SILVER PROJECT, YUKON, CANADA

Metallic's 100% owned Keno Silver project covers 171 km² within the Keno Hill silver district located in Canada's Yukon Territory. The Keno Silver project is a brownfields exploration project within one of the world's highest-grade silver districts, which has produced over 220 Moz of high-grade silver over the past 100 years at an average grade exceeding 1,300 g/t. The Keno Silver project, which is located near the communities of Keno City and Mayo, has excellent existing infrastructure with highway and road access, grid power and access to existing deep seaports.

The Keno Silver project covers the eastern and central portions of the Keno Hill silver district along with select portions of the western and southern parts of the district. The Company's holdings are along strike of most of the historically productive trends within the district. These areas of the district have been under-explored due to previously fragmented, private land ownership that has largely been consolidated by Metallic. The Keno Silver project directly adjoins Hecla's operations, including the Bellekeno, Bermingham and Flame & Moth deposits, which are undergoing final mine commissioning and start-up.

The Keno Silver project has seen shallow, historic production from eight deposits, including five deposits with average grades above 1,000 g/t silver. Ten of the twelve known Keno-style high-grade silver structural trends occur on the Keno Silver project in areas underlain by the preferred host rocks within the district. Exploration work has defined 42 priority multi-kilometer scale geochemical anomalies as early-stage exploration targets and 21 drill-ready targets. In addition, the Company has 11 drilled target areas with initial positive results and has four (4) deposits (Formo, Caribou, Fox and Homestake) that are included in the inaugural 2024 Resource Estimate. The 2024 Resource Estimate is estimated using cut-off grades that are based on underground or open pit mining methods as appropriate for each deposit. The Inferred Resource, using underground and in-pit constraints, is 2.5 Mt at 223 g/t silver equivalent equating to 18.16 Moz of contained silver equivalent (9.81 Moz Ag, 8,800 ozs gold, 44.88 Mlbs lead and 99.08 Mlbs zinc).

The Keno Silver project is made up of nine main properties across the 35-kilometer-long Keno Hill silver district comprising Keno-Lightning, Keno Summit, Gram, Keno East, Cobalt Hill, Duncan Creek, Sourdough Hill, Formo and Silver Queen properties.

a) Keno-Lightning Property

The Keno-Lightning property, which includes Homestake, is the largest property within the Keno Silver project and is subject to a 3% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR"). The Company has the option to buy back up to 2% of this NSR.

b) Keno Summit Property

The Company owns 100% of 17 claims and five leases on the Keno Summit property. Nine claims are subject to the same NSR as the Gram property, seven claims and two leases are subject to the same NSR as the Silver Queen property, three leases are subject to the same NSR as the Formo property and one claim is not subject to an NSR.

c) Gram Property

The Company owns 100% of the Gram property which consists of 42 claims covering approximately 8.7 km² on the east side of the Keno Hill silver district. The Gram property is subject to a 2% NSR for precious metals and a 1% NSR for base metals and the Company has the option to buy back the full NSR.



d) Cobalt Hill Property

The Company owns 100% of the Cobalt Hill property covering 4.2 km² that are contiguous with the eastern end of the Keno-Lightning property in the Keno Hill silver district. Cobalt Hill is subject to a 3% NSR and the Company has the option to buy back up to 1.5% of this NSR.

e) Keno-East Property

The Company staked additional ground in the Keno-East target area, which covers the eastern and southern extension of the Keno Hill silver district. The Company owns 100% of these claims and are not subject to any NSR.

f) Duncan Creek Property

The Duncan Creek property was staked by the Company in January 2017 along with other claims totaling approximately 30.2 km². The Company owns 100% of the Duncan Creek claims and they are not subject to any underlying royalties.

g) Sourdough Hill Property

The Company owns 100% of the Sourdough Hill property which includes 30 mining claims in the Keno Hill silver district. The property is subject to a 3% NSR and the Company has the option to buy back up to 1.5% of this NSR.

h) Formo Property

The Company owns 100% of 16 mining leases in the Keno Hill silver district. The Formo property is subject to a 2% NSR for precious metals and a 1% NSR for base metals. The Company has an option to buy back the full NSR.

i) Silver Queen Property

The Company owns 100% of the Silver Queen property which consists of 20 claims primarily on the western end of the Keno Hill silver district. The Silver Queen property is subject to a 2% NSR and the Company has the option to buy back the full NSR.

KENO SILVER PROJECT WORK PROGRAMS

The Company conducted its inaugural field exploration programs on its Keno Silver project beginning in 2017 following a comprehensive review of modern and historic data. Metallic identified more than 40 target areas in its review and prioritized target areas for further evaluation including geophysical and geochemical surveys, geologic mapping, drilling and trenching to begin defining areas that had potential to host significant high-grade Keno-style silver mineralization.

Exploration on the project has continued to systematically build on the Company's 3D geologic model for the district including on-going synthesis of new exploration data covering the east, central and western portions of the Keno Hill silver district. This work includes a combination of target refinement and resource identification at the targets located along the known historically productive trends, both down dip and along strike from past producing mines.



Work also includes target development in the under-explored eastern part of the district, which features many of the same geologic characteristics as the more developed western part of the Keno Hill silver district.

Exploration work has defined five high-grade advanced stage targets through drilling, trenching and underground sampling along the known productive trends with four of these now at the resource definition stage along with developing 21 additional drill ready targets in the West, Central and East Keno target areas. Earlier stage target refinement work in the less explored portions of the district has included detailed stratigraphic and structural mapping, broad reconnaissance soil sampling, airborne and ground-based geophysics focused on the Central and East Keno target areas. This work has identified over 40 multi-kilometer-scale geochemical and geophysical targets for additional follow up exploration work. Work on these very large-scale areas has confirmed the presence of both high-grade Keno-style structures along with the potential for larger bulk-tonnage silver mineralization. Total exploration to date at the Keno Silver project includes 27,491 m of drilling in 299 drill holes.

From 2017 to 2019, the Company focused on consolidation of the eastern Keno Hill silver district along with data compilation and initial drill testing of priority drill targets.

Exploration in 2020 included the first reconnaissance drill holes ever completed in the eastern part of the Keno Hill silver district with results confirming the presence of both high-grade Keno-style mineralization along with bulk-tonnage silver mineralization within a number of the newly identified multi-kilometer-scale anomalies at the East Keno and Central Keno target areas. Diamond core drilling focused on expanding areas of known mineralization through step out drilling at the advanced-stage target areas in the West Keno area returning high-grade silver mineralization that remains open to further expansion.

The multi-phase 2021 exploration program was designed to follow up on the successes of the discoveries at East Keno and continuing to expand drill-defined mineralization at advanced-stage targets in the central and western parts of the Keno Hill silver district. The program consisted of reverse circulation and diamond core drilling, induced polarization ("IP") and resistivity geophysics, surface sampling, and district-wide stratigraphic and structural mapping at priority target areas across the district. In total, 6,200 meters of drilling were completed in 53 holes, along with 20.3 line-kilometers of deep-penetrating IP geophysical surveys. The 2021 survey identified major conductive features that are spatially associated with areas with kilometer-scale soil and magnetic anomalies and with newly mapped regional thrust faults.

The 2022 field program consisted of diamond core drilling specifically focused on expanding the advanced-stage "resource-ready" targets towards initial resource definition. A total of 3,265 m was drilled in 23 holes over six different target areas, Including the Fox, UKHM, Zone 2, Caribou, Nabob and Formo target areas. Drilling consisted of stepout drill holes to expand and define the extent of both high-grade Keno-style mineralization as well as the newly recognized bulk tonnage mineralization. Drilling at the East Keno target areas continued to confirm and extend new discoveries of bulk tonnage silver mineralization including sheeted vein zones up to 177 m in width. These zones are near surface, shallow dipping, and potentially amenable to lower cost, open-pit development.

In early 2023, the Company announced assay results from the three advanced stage targets at the Keno Silver project. The Fox target area results at East Keno included intercepts 144.5 meters of 41.4 g/t AgEq in a Ag-Pb-Zn sheeted vein zone with all 8 drill holes hitting significant bulk tonnage and high-grade silver. Results from the Formo target at West Keno included 1,540 g/t AgEq over 1.63 m within 20.9 m of 230 g/t AgEq with high-grade mineralization intercepted in all five drill holes that made it to target depth. Results from the Caribou target at Central Keno continued to expand the strike length of the deposit which remains open along trend and down dip.



A fall 2023 program at the Keno Silver project included 1,112 m of diamond drilling designed to expand resource potential at the Formo target and completed field work to advance additional targets toward new resources. Results from the 2023 field program included 46 m of 256 g/t AgEq including 3.3 meters of 1,413 g/t AgEq at the Formo target as one of the best drill results from the project to date.

In February 2024, the Company announced the 2024 Resource Estimate for the Keno Silver project. The mineral resource comprises four separate deposit areas (Formo, Caribou, Fox and Homestake) and estimated using cut-off grades that are based on underground or open pit mining methods as appropriate for each deposit. The Inferred Resources, using underground and in-pit constraints, is 2.5 Mt at 223 g/t silver equivalent equating to 18.16 Moz of contained silver equivalent (9.81 Moz Ag, 8,800 ozs gold, 44.88 Mlbs lead and 99.08 Mlbs zinc).

Exploration in 2024 consisted of 718 m of drilling in three drill holes with two of the holes designed to test lateral extensions of high-grade mineralization at the Formo deposit. The third hole provided an initial test of mineralization at the Rain and Shine target less than 1 km from the district mill operated by Hecla. Mineralization was encountered in all three holes of the program verifying geologic concepts which could lead to resource expansion at Formo and a new priority drill target for future testing at Rain and Shine.

MCKAY AND SILVER HILL PROJECT, YUKON, CANADA

The Company owns a 100% interest in the McKay and Silver Hill properties with 55 km² of claims located approximately 50 kms north of the Keno Hill silver district in the Yukon Territory that show potential to host significant district-scale silver-gold-copper-lead-zinc mineralized systems similar to those at Keno Hill. McKay Hill is an historic high-grade silver and gold producer with significant copper, lead, and zinc mineralization.

The McKay Hill property is subject to a 3% NSR and the Company has the option to buy back up to 2% of this NSR. The 100% owned Silver Hill property was staked by the Company based on several new discoveries and is not subject to an NSR.

MCKAY AND SILVER HILL WORK PROGRAMS

Exploration at McKay Hill has identified six kilometer-scale targets based on soil and rock sampling. To date the Company has identified 37 high-grade silver-gold-copper-lead-zinc structures at McKay Hill, that have seen very limited modern exploration. As part of Metallic's broader regional exploration program at and around McKay Hill, which was partly funded by the Yukon Geological Survey's innovative Yukon Mineral Exploration Program, the Company identified several new clusters of significant silver-gold-copper-lead-zinc mineralization in the Silver Hill area. Follow-up work resulted in the discovery of mineralization centered at three new kilometer-scale target areas.



KLONDIKE GOLD PROJECT AND ROYALTY PORTFOLIO, YUKON, CANADA

As shown in Figure 3 below, Metallic's alluvial properties consist of Australia Creek and Dominion Creek, which are tributaries of the Indian River, in the Klondike gold district near Dawson City. The historic Klondike gold district is estimated to have produced over 20 million ounces of gold since its discovery in 1898¹. Australia Creek and its benches are now recognized by Yukon Geological Survey as an eastern continuation of the highly productive Indian River drainage system, which is the largest placer gold producing area in the Yukon. Mining on the Indian River began in the late 1970's and has produced more than 40% of all placer gold production in the Yukon through 2015. (Yukon Geological Survey Yukon Placer Mining Industry Report 2010-2014).

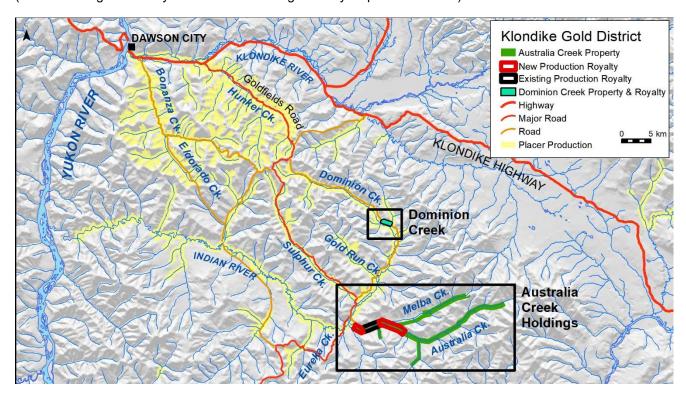


Figure 3. The Company's alluvial properties located in the Klondike gold district, Yukon

AUSTRALIA CREEK PROPERTY

The Company acquired a 100% interest in approximately 26 miles (42 km) of mining rights and 18 miles (29 km) of bench claims along the Australia Creek drainage ("Australia Creek Property"), in the Klondike Gold district near Dawson City, Yukon (see Figure 3). The vendors will receive a 4% royalty from the Company on all alluvial gold production. The Company has the ability to buy back the full royalty.

The Company completed its final earn in for a 100% interest in the underlying Australia Creek Property with the issuance of 200,000 common shares of the Company on March 30, 2020.



In January 2023, the Company signed a production royalty agreement on 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles of alluvial gold claims at its Australia Creek property in the Klondike Gold District of Canada's Yukon Territory consolidating the three permitted blocks under a single operator subject to a variable royalty to the Company of 10-15% on all gold production. This property is fully permitted for full scale production.

Work in 2023 included development of the westernmost mining block on the Australia Creek property with complete reclamation of those blocks in October. Gold royalties from production in 2023 were deposited in Metallic's account with the gold refiner.

In August 2024, the Company signed a new production royalty agreement on the middle block of the Australia Creek property. Work in 2024 included development of road and access infrastructure to the middle block on the Australia Creek property to support new pit development for expanded production in 2025. Initial production commenced in October 2024 from one area of the newly developed pit with gold royalties to be deposited in Metallic's account with the gold refiner. Exploration and Infill drilling is anticipated to be completed over winter to support continued pit development.

Metallic has initiated alluvial mine permit renewal applications for existing licenses on Australia Creek and is working on new permit applications for an additional eight miles of the Australia Creek drainage above its currently permitted claims.

DOMINION CREEK PROPERTY

The Company acquired a 100% interest in mining rights from an arms-length party consisting of 10 claims totaling approximately 1 mile (1.6 km) along a bench of Dominion Creek, a tributary to the Indian River, in the Klondike gold district near Dawson City, Yukon (see Figure 3). The Company entered into a production royalty agreement with respect to these claims under which the Company has granted exclusive mining rights to an experienced alluvial mining operator in exchange for a 15% royalty on all gold production.

Work to date has included site preparation, geophysics and test mining which have confirmed the presence of recoverable alluvial gold on the Dominion Creek property. The next phase of work is anticipated to focus on the collection of a bulk sample in preparation for the start of production.

The Company also owns additional alluvial claims that are managed along with the Klondike Gold project at California Creek in the Klondike District, East Granite Creek, McKim Creek, Faith Creek and Allen Creek in the Keno Silver district. The Company is currently in discussions with additional experienced operators on production royalty agreements on these highly prospective areas.

EXPLORATION OUTLOOK

The Company is also in discussions with additional experienced operators on its other permitted alluvial properties as part of its Klondike gold royalty portfolio.

The company looks forward to providing updates of results as they become available over the next several months.

QUALIFIED PERSON

Mr. Scott Petsel, P.Geo., President for the Company and a Qualified Person within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101, has reviewed the technical information in this MD&A.



FINANCIAL CONDITION

The net assets of the Company decreased from \$10,748,346 at July 31, 2023 to \$7,790,762 at July 31, 2024, a decrease of \$2,957,584.

Significant assets at July 31, 2024 were cash and cash equivalents of \$1,398,069 (2023: \$5,666,316), gold investment of \$518,723 (2023: \$208,014), prepaid expenses and deposits of \$170,542 (2023: \$146,313) and exploration and evaluation assets of \$5,649,090 (2023: \$4,474,923). The Company also has a due from related parties balance of \$791,927 (2023: \$856,711). This balance consists of \$741,927 as an advance toward future exploration expenses and \$50,000 as an advance toward future corporate expenses.

The liabilities at July 31, 2024 were accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$175,923 (2023: \$582,641), due to related parties of \$85,564 (2023: \$63,844) and flow-through share premium liability of \$523,922 (2023: \$nil).

The increase in exploration and evaluation assets of \$1,174,167 was mainly a result of the Company issuing 2,500,000 units to the La Plata vendors. The common shares issued were valued at \$850,000 and the 1,250,000 warrants were valued at fair value using the Black-Scholes option pricing model of \$191,120. The Company also incurred licensing costs totaling \$133,047.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The net loss for the year ended July 31, 2024 was \$6,005,512 (2023: \$4,922,231). The increase in net loss year-over-year is a result of the increased exploration expenditures, consulting and office and administration during the year ended July 31, 2024, partially offset with the decrease in share-based payment expense.

The most significant expenses for the year ended July 31, 2024 were exploration expenditures of \$4,418,176 (2023: \$3,178,679), consulting fees of \$566,074 (2023: \$461,075), share-based payment expense of \$480,247 (2023: \$681,567) and investor relations and corporate development expenses of \$399,390 (2023: \$418,171).

The exploration expenditures for the year ended July 31, 2024 of \$4,418,176 (2023: \$3,178,679) were largely comprised of drilling costs of \$1,625,073, consulting fees of \$1,551,802, analysis costs of \$418,839 and equipment and communication costs of \$266,909. Of the exploration expenditures a total of \$2,930,812 were incurred on the La Plata project, \$1,341,989 on the Keno Silver project, \$325,091 on the Klondike Gold project and \$35,260 on the McKay Hill project. These costs were offset with a net production royalty received of \$204,743 and a government grant of \$10,233.

Other items consisted of other income of \$22,328 (2023: \$nil), interest and miscellaneous income of \$63,806 (2023: \$63,909) and unrealized gain on gold investment of \$105,966 (2023: \$6,118).

The investor relations and corporate development expenses of \$399,390 for the year ended July 31, 2024, consisted mainly of corporate development of \$125,056, conference costs of \$109,182, marketing costs of \$95,046, dues and memberships of \$43,769 and advertising costs of \$12,817.

FOURTH QUARTER

The Company had a net loss of \$1,134,544 in Q4, 2024 which comprised expenses of \$1,185,565, partially offset by other income of \$22,328, miscellaneous and interest income of \$2,071 and unrealized gain on gold investment



of \$26,622. The most significant expenses in Q4, 2024 were exploration expenditures, consulting fees, share-based payment expense and investor relations and corporate development costs.

CASH FLOWS

Subsequent to July 31, 2024, pursuant to an IRA, Newmont has elected to top up its right to stay at 9.5%. A total of 577,776 common shares at \$0.36 per common share were issued for proceeds of \$207,999.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$4,268,247 during the year ended July 31, 2024 from \$5,666,316 at July 31, 2023 to \$1,398,069 at July 31, 2024. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents was a result of cash of \$6,208,011 used in operating activities and cash of \$133,047 used in investing activities, partially offset by cash of \$2,072,811 provided by financing activities.

The cash of \$6,208,011 used in operating activities consisted of the net loss of \$6,005,512 and a decrease in working capital items of \$349,709, partially offset by a net increase in non-cash items of \$147,210.

The cash of \$133,047 used in investing activities consisted of exploration and evaluation licensing costs related to the La Plata project.

The cash of \$2,072,811 provided by financing activities consisted of the Company receiving gross proceeds of \$2,138,107 pursuant to a private placement and a top up pursuant to the IRA less cash share issue costs of \$110,296 and proceeds of \$45,000 from the exercise of options.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

	2024	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$
Miscellaneous and interest income	63,806	63,909	15,250
Other income	22,328	-	-
Unrealized gain on gold investment	105,966	6,118	-
Expenses	(6,197,612)	(4,992,258)	(7,209,724)
	,		
Net loss for the year	(6,005,512)	(4,922,231)	(7,194,474)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.05)
Total assets	8,576,171	11,394,831	9,103,947
Total non-current liabilities		-	60,000

During fiscal 2024 and 2022, the Company conducted larger field exploration programs, most notably on its Keno Silver and La Plata projects.

Total assets increased by \$2,290,884 during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023. This was the result of the strategic equity investment by Newmont and option and warrant exercises increasing the cash position of the Company.



SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following is a summary of the Company's financial results for the most recent eight quarterly periods:

	Q4, 2024	Q3, 2024	Q2, 2024	Q1, 2024
Net loss for the period	(1,134,544)	(531,848)	(1,374,543)	(2,964,577)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.02)
	Q4, 2023	Q3, 2023	Q2, 2023	Q1, 2023
Net loss for the period	(1,312,925)	(667,639)	(312,239)	(2,629,428)
•	(1,012,020)	(007,000)	(012,200)	(2,020,720)

Over the last eight quarters, the Company's net loss averaged \$1,365,968 and ranged from \$312,239 in Q2, 2023 to \$2,964,577 in Q1, 2024.

The large fluctuations in the quarterly net losses are mainly attributable to the Company conducting significant field exploration programs in certain quarters and share based payments which fluctuate quarterly based on the timing of grants of options.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Subsequent to July 31, 2024 liquidity was augmented by the Company issuing 577,776 common shares at \$0.36 pursuant to an IRA where Newmont elected to top up its right to stay at 9.5%.

As at July 31, 2024, the Company had current assets totaling \$2,867,595, including \$1,398,069 of cash, due from related parties of \$791,927 and gold investment of \$518,723. The Company had working capital of \$2,082,186.

During the year ended July 31, 2024 liquidity was augmented by the Company closing a non-brokered private placement of 5,062,500 flow-through shares for gross proceeds of \$2,025,000 and the Company issuing 342,750 common shares at \$0.33 pursuant to an IRA where Newmont elected to top up its right to stay at 9.5%.

In management's view, given the nature of the operations, which currently consists of its interest in certain mineral properties, the most relevant financial information relates primarily to current liquidity, solvency and planned expenditures. The Company's financial success will be dependent upon the extent to which it can determine whether its resource properties contain reserves which are economically recoverable.

Such development may take years to complete and the amount of resulting income, if any, is difficult to determine. The Company does not expect to receive significant income in the foreseeable future.

While the Company has been successful in obtaining the necessary financing through the issuance of common shares and loans from related parties in the past, there is no assurance it will be able to raise funds in this manner in the future and there remain material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's trade and other payables are due in the short term.



OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel are the persons responsible for the planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company. They include both executive officers and directors, and entities associated and controlled by such persons and include the following:

TruePoint Exploration Inc. ("TruePoint") is a privately held exploration service company that provides
exploration and administrative services to the Company as well as other exploration companies. Costs
covered by TruePoint include exploration expenditures (technical work on projects such as drilling,
sampling and geophysics), consulting, investor relations, corporate development costs, and other
administrative costs. Greg Johnson, CEO of the Company is a minority shareholder of TruePoint.

The amounts paid by the Company for the services provided by key management have been determined by negotiation among the parties and are reviewed and approved by the Company's Board. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at their exchange amount, which is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties.

a) Compensation

Compensation paid or payable to key management for the years ended July 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

		2024	2023
		\$	\$
Consulting fees	1	493,641	433,055
Share-based payments	2	199,415	276,238
Transactions with TruePoint	3	3,308,365	2,287,146
		4,001,421	2,996,439

¹ Consulting fees for the years ended July 31, 2024 and 2023 consisted of fees earned by key management personnel.

² Share-based payment expense is a non-cash item that consisted of the fair value of stock options that were granted to key management personnel.

³ Transactions with TruePoint for the year ended July 31, 2024 consisted of \$2,983,457 (2023: \$2,004,022) exploration expenditures and \$324,908 (2023: \$283,184) in investor relations and corporate development fees.



b) Balances

The Company's balances due from and owing to key management consisted of the following at July 31, 2024 and 2023:

		2024	2023
Current assets			\$
Due from TruePoint	1	741,927	806,711
Due from Greg Johnson	2	50,000	50,000
		791,927	856,711
Current liabilities			
Due to Greg Johnson		60,000	45,000
Due to Scott Petsel		25,564	18,844
		85,564	63,844

¹ This amount was net of cash advances made to TruePoint for future exploration expenses offset by charges from TruePoint.

Amounts due to and due from key management are unsecured, non-interest-bearing, and have no formal terms of repayment.

c) Insider Participation in Private Placements

A summary of insider participation in the Company's private placements for the years ended July 31, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

	Number of Units	Price	Proceeds
July 2024 Private Placement		\$	\$
Greg Johnson	12,500	0.40	5,000
Gregor Hamilton	100,000	0.40	40,000

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

As of the date of this report, there were no proposed transactions.

FINANCIAL AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, due from related parties, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to related parties. The Company has classified its financial instruments as amortized cost.

As at July 31, 2024 the Company believes the carrying values of cash, receivables, due from related parties, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties and short-term loans approximate their fair values due to the short period to maturity.

² This amount relates to an expense advance as at July 31, 2024 and 2023.



The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including liquidity risk, currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and other price risk.

The Company's exposure to these risks and its methods of managing the risks are summarized as follows:

i) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to provide reasonable assurance that it will have sufficient funds to meet liabilities when due by forecasting cash flows for operations, anticipated investing and financing activities and through management of its capital structure.

As at July 31, 2024, all of the Company's financial liabilities had contractual maturities of less than 90 days. The Company may not have sufficient cash to meet requirements for administrative overhead, maintaining its mineral interests and continuing with its exploration program in the following twelve months. The Company may be required to raise additional capital in the future to fund its operations.

ii) Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk to the extent expenditures incurred or funds received and balances maintained by the Company are denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. The Company does not manage currency risks through hedging or other currency management tools and considers the risks related to foreign currency are not significant at this time. The Company is not exposed to material currency risk.

iii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Based on the current cash balances and expected future interest rates, the Company is not exposed to material interest rate risk.

iv) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk mainly in respect to managing its cash. The Company mitigates such credit risk by risk management policies that require significant cash deposits or any short-term investments be invested with Canadian chartered banks rated BBB or better. All investments must be less than one year in duration.

v) Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to significant other price risk.

DISCLOSURE OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As of the date of this report, there were 176,411,685 common shares, 18,904,444 share purchase warrants and 16,070,000 stock options outstanding.



DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures are intended to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified by securities regulations and that the information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management. Internal controls over financial reporting are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. In connection with National Instrument 52-109 (Certificate of Disclosure in Issuer's Annual and Interim Filings) ("NI 52-109"), the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company have filed a Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with respect to the financial information contained in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2024 and this accompanying MD&A (together, the "Annual Filings").

In contrast to the full certificate under NI 52-109, the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, as defined in NI 52-109. For further information the reader should refer to the Venture Issuer Basic Certificates filed by the Company with the Interim and Annual Filings on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR VENTURE ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE

The Company provides disclosure related to capitalized or expensed exploration and acquisition costs in the notes to the financial statements and disclosure related to general and administration expenses in the statements of operations and comprehensive loss. The Company has no expensed research and development costs nor deferred development costs.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal business of the Company is the acquisition, exploration and development of silver, gold, copper and critical mineral properties. Given the nature of the mineral exploration business, the limited extent of the Company's assets and the present stage of development, the following risk factors, among others, should be considered:

Exploration Stage Operations

The Company's operations are subject to all of the risks normally associated with the exploration for and the development of mineral properties. The Company is at the resource definition stage and does not hold any known mineral reserves that have been proven economic. Except for the Company's royalty portfolio, the Company does not generate any revenues from its exploration activities. The Company's success will depend largely upon its ability to locate and grow its resource base and to be able to advance those resources towards feasibility. Mineral exploration involves a high degree of uncertainty and risk, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to avoid. There is no assurance that exploration efforts will be successful and results will be dependent on a number of factors, including the quality of management, the level of geological and technical expertise, and the geologic nature of the properties being explored, in addition there are important factors beyond the control of the Company such as metal prices, economic conditions and political considerations.



Once mineralization is discovered, it may take several years in the initial phases of drilling until mineral resources have been delineated. Following the definition of resources, substantial expenditures and time are required to establish proven and probable reserves through drilling and bulk sampling, to determine the optimal metallurgical process to extract the metals from the host rocks and to determine the operating and capital costs of a potential processing facility. Even following completion of successful feasibility work, the permitting and community engagement process followed by construction may take several additional years of time.

During the time period above the economic requirements for feasible mineral production may change. Due to these uncertainties, no assurance can be given that commercial quantities of ore will be developed on the Company's properties. There is also no assurance that even if commercial quantities of ore are discovered, that the properties will be brought into commercial production or that the funds required to develop mineral reserves and resources discovered by the Company will be obtained on a timely basis.

Availability of Financial Resources

The Company currently has only modest operating revenues from its royalty portfolio, and is accordingly dependent on additional financing to provide the funding necessary to meet its general operating expenses and exploration activities. To further fund the Company's business plans, additional funds will be required. The sources of this required funding may include expansion of the Company's producing royalties, the sale of additional equity capital, the sale of a future metal stream or production royalty from a property, the entering into of a metal or concentrate off-take type agreement, the entering into a loan agreement, the sale or leasing of the Company's interest in a property, or the entering into of a joint venture arrangement or other strategic alliance in which the funding source could become entitled to an interest in one of the assets of the Company. The Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the junior resource market and by the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for investor support of its projects. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in raising additional funds in the future. If the Company does not have the necessary capital it may need to scale back or reduce its exploration plans or may have to forfeit its interest in properties or prospects earned or assumed under its contractual obligations. In addition, if the Company does not have sufficient funds to pursue its exploration and development programs and other plans, the viability of the Company could be jeopardized.

Commodity Price Risk

The economic viability and market value of a mineral resource or deposit is dependent upon the market price of its contained metals and the relevant costs to potentially develop it. Precious and base metals prices fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the control of the Company. These include the level of interest rates, the rate of inflation, world supply and demand for mineral commodities, consumption patterns, sales by central banks, forward sales by producers, government policies, speculative activities and the stability of exchange rates can all cause significant fluctuations in prices. Such external economic factors are in turn influenced by changes in international investment patterns, monetary systems and political developments. The prices of mineral commodities have fluctuated widely in recent years. Current and future price declines could make future commercial production impracticable. The Company's costs to carry out exploration could also be affected by the prices of other commodities such as fuel and other consumable items. The prices of these commodities are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control.



Price Volatility and Liquidity

Securities markets in Canada and elsewhere continue to experience a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market prices of securities of many public companies have experienced significant fluctuations in price which have not necessarily been related to the operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. It may be anticipated that any quoted market for the Company's securities will be subject to such market patterns and that the value of such securities may be affected accordingly. If market interest in the resource sector declines, the liquidity of investments may be limited, and the market price of such securities may decline below an investors original purchase price.

Uncertainty of Resource Estimates

The Company has announced resource estimates on its La Plata and Keno Silver projects. The statements of mineral resources disclosed are estimates only and no assurance can be given that the anticipated tonnages and grades will be achieved or that the indicated level of recovery will be realized. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability until the completion of a feasibility study which requires additional confirmatory exploration and engineering work. Mineral resource and reserve estimates are based on sampling from drilling, underground sampling or bulk samples, and inherently carry the uncertainty that samples may not be representative. Such estimates necessarily include presumptions of continuity of mineralization which may not actually be present. Mineral reserve and resource estimates may require revision (either upward or downward) based on additional exploration or actual production experience. Market fluctuations in the price of metals, as well as increased production costs or reduced recovery rates, may render certain mineral resources uneconomic. Additional exploration and engineering work would be required to support future feasibility studies to determine whether a project is likely to be economic, but such studies remain subject to the same estimation risks and uncertainties.

Government Regulations, Permits, and Environmental Risks and Hazards

Mineral exploration and development in the United States and Canada are subject to various federal and state/provincial and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These laws impose high standards on the mineral industry to monitor and report the results to regulatory authorities, to reduce or eliminate certain effects on land, water or air, to rehabilitate temporary disturbance from exploration activities, and to reduce the risk of worker accidents. A violation of these laws may result in the imposition of fines and other penalties. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to meet all the regulatory requirements in a timely manner or without significant expense or that the regulatory requirements will not change to prohibit the Company from proceeding with certain exploration activities. The Company requires licenses and permits from various governmental authorities to carry out exploration activities on its projects. Obtaining permits can be a complex, time-consuming process. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain the necessary licences and permits on acceptable terms, in a timely manner or at all.

Exploration activities are also subject to various laws and regulations relating to the protection of historical and archaeological sites and endangered and protected species of plants and animals. The Company has adopted environmental practices designed to ensure that it continues to comply with environmental regulations currently applicable to it. All of the Company's activities are in compliance in all material respects with applicable legislation. Regulatory legislation is becoming increasingly stringent, and costs and expenses of compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future legislation on the Company's operations may cause additional expenses and restrictions. If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of exploration and development on the resource property interests, the potential for production on the property may be diminished or negated.



Environmental hazards may exist on the Company's properties, which may have been caused by previous or existing owners or operators of the properties. The Company is not aware of any existing environmental hazards related to any of its current property interests that may result in material liability to the Company.

Communities and Stakeholders

Our ongoing success depends on developing and maintaining productive relationships with the communities and other stakeholders surrounding our mineral projects, including local indigenous people who may have rights or may assert rights to our properties or surrounding areas. Local communities or stakeholders may become dissatisfied with our activities or the level of benefits provided, which may result in legal or administrative proceedings, protests, direct action or campaigns against the Company. Any such occurrence could materially and adversely affect our business, ability to attract partners, financial condition or results of operations, as well as our ability to commence or continue our exploration activities. The Company is committed to responsible and sustainable resource development including working collaboratively with US Tribal/Native Corporations, Canadian First Nation groups, and local communities to support successful exploration at our projects.

Dependence on Key Personnel

The Company is dependent on a relatively small number of key directors, officers, and senior personnel. Loss of any one of those persons could have an adverse effect on the Company. The Company does not currently maintain "key-person" insurance in respect of any of its management. The Company may be subject to changing labour markets, a changing workforce, shortage of experienced personnel to manage its operations, and a lack of continuity in its workforce. In addition, the Company's workforce may be hired and/or engaged by other exploration companies or companies in the broader mining sectors, thereby causing the Company to incur increases in labour costs to hire, retain and/or maintain continuity of its workforce.

Title to Property

Acquisition of rights to the mineral properties is a very detailed and time consuming process. Title to, and the area of, mineral properties may be disputed. Although the Company has exercised the usual due diligence with respect to title to properties in which it has a material interest, there is no guarantee that title to the properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company's mineral property interest may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers, aboriginal land claims, government expropriation and title may be affected by undetected defects. In addition, certain mining claims in which the Company has an interest are not recorded in the name of the Company and cannot be recorded until certain steps are taken by other parties. Portions of the Company's properties are subject to option or lease agreements requiring share or cash payments. If the Company fails to make these payments, the Company may lose its right to the applicable portion of the property and forfeit any funds previously expended to acquire such interest.

Competition

The resource industry is intensively competitive in all its phases, and the Company competes with many other companies possessing much greater financial and technical resources. Competition is particularly intense with respect to the acquisition of desirable undeveloped properties. The principal competitive factors in the acquisition of prospective properties include the staff and data necessary to identify and investigate such properties, and the financial resources necessary to acquire and develop the projects. Competition could adversely affect the Company's ability to acquire suitable prospects for exploration.



Uninsurable Risks

The Company maintains liability, property and other insurance, where reasonably available, in such amounts it considers prudent. The Company may become subject to liability for hazards against which it is not insured or which it may have elected not to insure against because of high premium costs or other reasons. During exploration and development of mineral properties, certain risks, and in particular, unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, fires, flooding, earthquakes and other environmental occurrences, may occur. It is not always possible to fully insure against such risks and the Company may not have insurance against such risks because of high premiums or other reasons. Should such liabilities arise, they could result in increasing costs and a decline in the value of the securities of the Company.

Litigation Risk

Companies in all industries, including the mining industry, are subject to legal claims from time to time, some of which have merit and others of which do not. Defence and settlement costs of legal claims can be substantial, even with respect to claims that have no merit. Due to the inherent uncertainty of the litigation process, the resolution of any particular legal proceeding to which the Company may become subject could have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or the Company's property development.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

This MD&A includes certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements" concerning the future performance of the Company's business, its operations, its financial performance and condition, as well as management's objectives, strategies, beliefs and intentions. Forward-looking statements are frequently identified by such words as "may", "will", "plan", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "intend" and similar words referring to future events and results. Forward-looking statements are based on the current opinions and expectations of management. All statements in this discussion, other than statements of historical facts, that address exploration drilling, exploitation activities and events or developments that the Company expects are forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause actual results to vary from forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, the Company's ability to access capital, the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development, fluctuating commodity prices, competitive risks and reliance on key personnel, as described in more detail in this document under "Risk Factors and Uncertainties". Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements.

All of the Company's public disclosure filings, including its most recent management information circular, material change reports, press releases and other information, may be accessed via www.sedarplus.ca and readers are urged to review these materials, including the technical reports filed with respect to the Company's mineral properties.



OTHER INFORMATION

Head Office

Suite 904 – 409 Granville Street Vancouver, BC V6C 1T2

Website

www.metallic-minerals.com

Directors and Officers

Chairman of the Board & CEO – Greg Johnson President – Scott Petsel Independent Director – Stephen Enders Independent Director – Gregor Hamilton Independent Director – Peter Harris Independent Director – Doug Warkentin Chief Financial Officer – Rebecca Moriarty Corporate Secretary – Susan Henderson

Transfer Agent

Odyssey Trust Company 350 - 409 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 1T2

Legal Counsel

Sangra Moller LLP 1000 Cathedral Place, 925 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3L2

Auditor

WDM Chartered Professional Accountants 1501 W Broadway #420, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6J 4Z6

Listings

TSX Venture Exchange: "MMG"

US OTCQB: "MMNGF"